Guided Notes for the French Revolution

1. The French Revolution
	1. The Three Estates

I. Before the revolution the French people were divided into three groups:

* + - 1. The first estate: the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
			2. The second estate: the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
			3. The third estate: the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (bourgeoisie, urban workers, and peasants).
		1. Legally the first two estates enjoyed many privileges, particularly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_from most taxation.
	1. The Financial Crisis
		1. The government of France was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		2. The crisis resulted from:
			1. An unfair \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ structure, which was dependent on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_estate
	2. Calling the Estates General
		1. The King was forced reluctantly to call a meeting of the Estates General in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	3. To Vote by Head or by Order
		1. The third estate insisted that the vote be taken by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, rather than by order.
		2. Since there were far more delegates from the third estate, this plan would give them a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
		3. The King \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to grant their request.
		4. The third estate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to budge.
	4. What Is the Third Estate?
		1. The Third Estate decided to start their own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
		2. The King was forced to order the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ estates to join the new National Assembly
	5. National Assembly
		1. The new National Assembly created the historic and influential document [*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*](http://www.yale.edu/lawweb/avalon/rightsof.htm)
	6. Declaration of the Rights of Man
		1. *"Men are born \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in their rights....These rights are liberty, property, security and resistance to oppression.*
		2. *The law is the expression of the general will. All citizens have the right to take part personally, or through representatives, in the making of the law."*
	7. Conditions in Paris
		1. Conditions were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Paris for the common people.
			1. The price of bread was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
			2. Rumors spread that the King and Queen were responsible for the shortages
		2. The French troops were sent to Paris
			1. The people thought the troops were going to be used against them
			2. This caused the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	8. The Storming of the Bastille
		1. On \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the mob stormed the Bastille.
	9. The Flight to Varennes
		1. On June 20, 1791, the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and his family set out for the border in a carriage.
		2. The King was disguised as a steward and his\_\_\_\_\_\_ was wearing a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
		3. At the border village of Varennes, he was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and eventually apprehended.
	10. The Paris Mob
		1. Increasingly there were demands for an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the creation of a new kind of government, a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
	11. The End of the Constitutional Monarchy
		1. On \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the mob attacked the Tuileries.
			1. The royal family barely escaped with their lives.
			2. The king's guards were killed and the King and his family fled to the protection of the Assembly.
		2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was over.
	12. The French Flag
		1. The Marquis de Lafayette, commander of the new National Guard, combined  the colors of the King (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) and the colors of Paris (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) for his guardsmen's uniforms and from this came the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the new French flag.
	13. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Louis XVI
		1. The National Convention decided to put Louis on trial for his crimes.
			1. They voted for his execution.
		2. On \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Louis Capet went to the guillotine in the Place de la Concorde,
			1. At the scaffold he said "I forgive those who are guilty of my death."

*Taken from*: [http://george.cmswiki.wikispaces.net/French+Revolution](http://george.cmswiki.wikispaces.net/French%2BRevolution)